TOBA: TOrsion Bar Antenna The Current Status and Future Plans

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Abstract

TOBA (TOrsion-Bar Antenna) is a gravitational wave detector using a torsion pendulum. The resonant frequency of torsional motion is ~1mHz, therefore it can be a ground-based GW detector which is sensitive to low frequency GWs (0.1-10Hz). Our target sensitivity is ~ 10⁻¹⁹ / \sqrt{Hz} @ 0.1Hz, which will enable us to detect IMBH(intermediate mass black hole) binary mergers and GGN(gravity gradient noise), etc. Here we show the current status of TOBA. We also explain future update plans, Phase-III TOBA.

1. Introduction | What is TOBA?

3. Future Plan | Phase-III TOBA

TOBA = "TOrsion Bar Antenna" [1]

- GW detector using a torsion pendulum
- Low resonant frequency (~ mHz)
- target range: 0.1Hz ~ 10 Hz
- Ground-based
- inexpensive, easy to maintenance

Our goal: 10⁻¹⁹/ /Hz @ 0.1 Hz

Targets of TOBA

Newtonian Noise

- comes from fluctuation of terrestrial gravity field ^[2]
- testing models for R&D of 3G GW detectors

IMBH Binary Merger

- 10Gpc for $10^5 M_{\odot}$ BH

R&D Plan



an estimation of Newtonian noise^[2]





Feature

- Cryogenic
- cooled to 4K
- reducing thermal noise
- New readout sensor
- a kind of WFS
- advantage in some points





Cryogenic | cooled to 4K





We showed basic concept of TOBA. Our goal is to observe Newtonian noise and IMBH binary mergers. So far we have identified many noise sources and demonstrated reducing schemes. We started Phase-III TOBA, in which we cool tests mass

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