Report on Visits to Durham and Singapore

Yuta Michimura Department of Physics, University of Tokyo

My Travels Since Last Seminar

- September 9-13: TAUP2019 @ Toyama
- September 17-20: JPS meeting 2019 Fall @ Yamagata U
- October 9-10: Soda Lab Seminar @ Kobe U
- October 14-17: GWPAW2019 @ RESCEU
- October 21-24: 4M-COCOS @ Fukuoka U
- November 8-10: 量子エレクトロニクス研究会 @ 山中寮
- December 16-17: EU-USA-JAPAN International Symposium on Quantum Technology @ Kyoto U
- December 20-21: 2019年度第1回CRC将来計画タウンミー ティング @ グランキューブ大阪
- December 25-27: 第32回 理論懇シンポジウム @ 天文台
- January 6-10: QSFP School 2020 @ Durham U
- January 14-17: GYSS2020 @ Singapore

2020 Global Young Scientists Summit

GYSS2020

- 280 young scientists (less than 35 years old, mostly students and postdocs) around the world
- Award winning invited speakers
- Plenary lectures in the morning, small group discussions in the afternoon
- Hotel & Food provided





Aaron Ciechanover Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2004



Ada Yonath Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2009







Kurt Wüthrich

2002

Nobel Prize in Chemistry

Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2016

Klaus von Klitzing

Nobel Prize in Physics

1985



Sir Konstantin Novoselov Nobel Prize in Physics 2010



Ben Feringa

Sir Tim Hunt Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine 2001



Efim Zelmanov Fields Medal 1994



Ngô Bảo Châu Fields Medal 2010



Wendelin Werner Fields Medal 2006



Michael Grätzel Millennium Technology Prize





Kees Immink

IEEE Medal of Honor

2017

2010



Alain Fische Chair of Experimental Medicine at Collège de France Guest Speaker



Leslie Lamport Turing Award 2013

Leslie Valiant Turing Award 2010

GYSS2020 Highlights Video

https://youtu.be/fdzNBuC9zgw



Participants from UTokyo

- Yukako Fujishiro (物理工学専攻, 十倉・金澤研)
- Saya Kashiwakura (生命環境科学系,本吉研)
- Keigo Matsumoto (知能機械情報学専攻, 廣瀬・葛岡・鳴海研)
- Yuta Michimura (me)
- Jumpei Yamagishi (相関基礎科学系, 金子邦彦研)
- Meeting with 本部国際戦略課 on Feb 3
- Also from RIKEN, UEC, Osaka U, NIMS (mostly funded by JST)



Random Notes

- Princess of Thailand
- I don't do science as a business, nor for the awards and accolades. I do science because I like looking at a beautiful math structure with good proof. -- Wendelin Werner
- Conference App; You can even search for participants
- What to do if you invented something? Kees Imminik
- Got autographed book by Tim Hunt
- Learned a lot on attitude towards scientific research
- Many people can speak English and Chinese





Visit to NUS

Presidential Young Professorship

- Start-up grants of up to the following: \$1m for STEM experimental; \$500k for STEM non-experimental;

- Additional, white space funding of \$250k to provide additional flexibility for appointees to purse their ambitious academic goals.

 Tables for Medicine, Computer, Engineering, Science





Prof Chen Tsuhan Deputy President (Research and Technology) and Distinguished Professor

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a rapidly urbanising Asia

Night Safari

Merlion

Gardens by the Bay

National Museum of Singapore



The First School on Quantum Sensors for Fundamental Physics

QSFP2020

- Durham University
- ~70 participants
- 8 lecturers



QSFP 2020



First international school on Quantum Sensors for Fundamental Physics

6 - 10 January 2020, Durham

Angelo Bassi - Tests and limits of the quantum superposition principle Jonathan Braden - False vacuum decay and non-equalilibrium QFTs

Edward Daw - Sikivie-style resonant axion haloscopes Yuta Mishimura - Laser interferometer search for non-standard physics

Marianna Safronova - EDMs, ions, atoms and molecular probes for new physics

Ralf Schuetzhold - Gravity Simulators

Michal Zawada - Atomic clocks and spectroscopy experiments

Jure Zupan - Beyond the Standard Model theories

Please register at https://conference.ippp.dur.ac.uk/e/qsfp

Organizing Committee: Martin Bauer, Diego Blas, Jon Coleman, Ruth Gregory, Denis Martynov, Gavin Morley, Ruben Saakyan, Silke Weinfurtner





Science & Technology Facilities Council

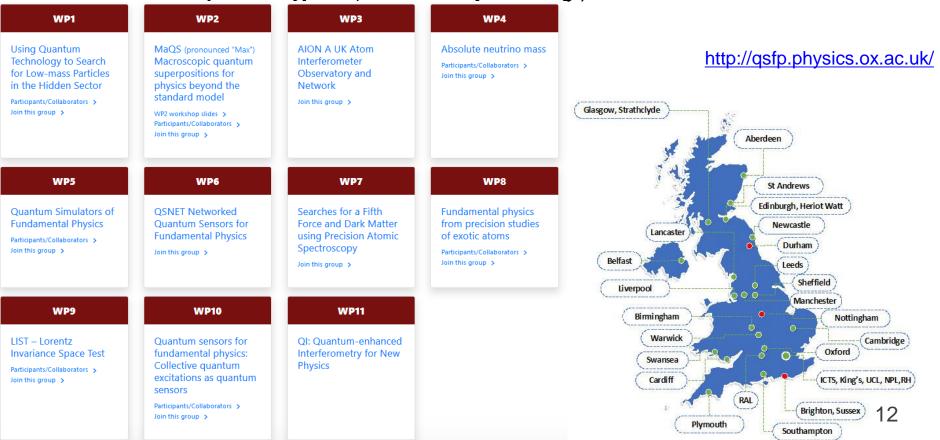






QSFP Consortium

- Started (probably) in 2018
- 32 UK institutions, 7 international institutions and five partners
- 11 Workpackages (all look very exciting!)

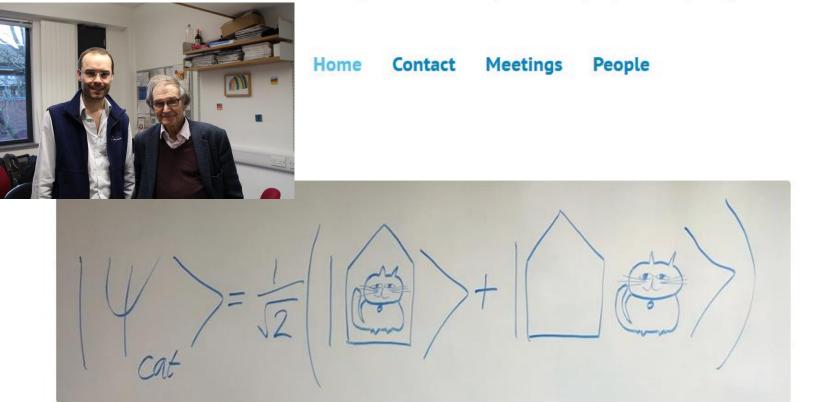


WP2: Macroscopic Quantum

 we seek to put 10-1000 nm particles into quantum superpositions of different positions

Macroscopic Quantum Superpositions – MaQS

Is there a macroscopic limit to the quantum superposition principle?



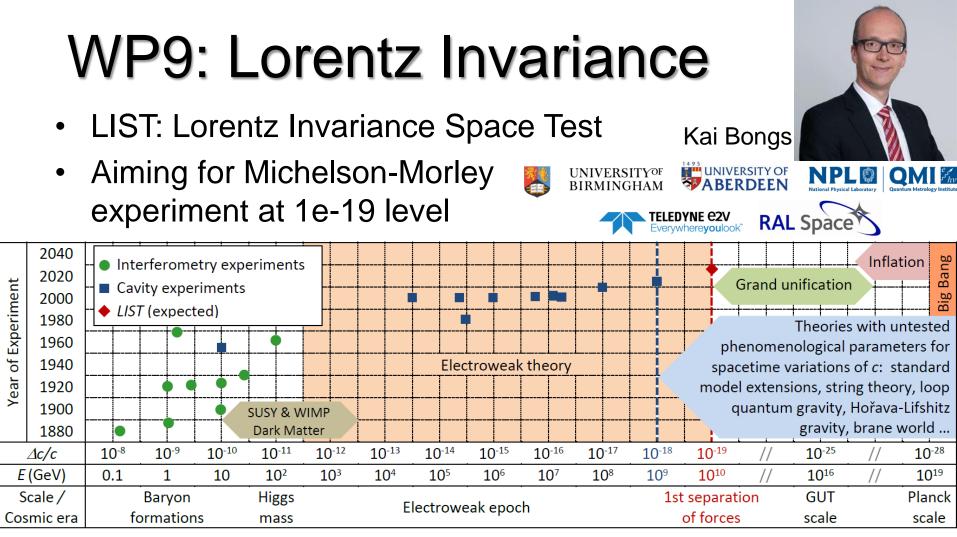
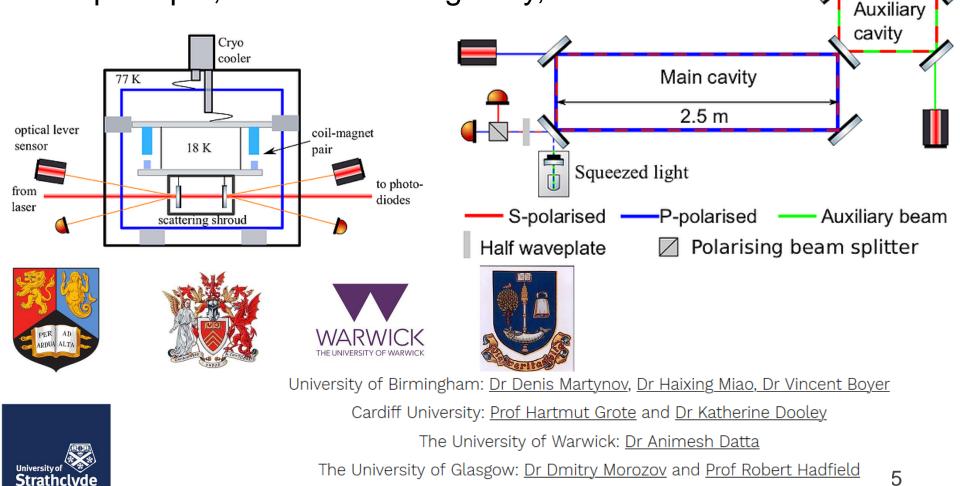


Figure 1. Given an energy scale *E*, if Quantum Gravity effect is important then Lorentz Invariance would cease to be valid. As a result, an anisotropic and inhomogeneous speed of light with $\Delta c/c \approx E_{ph}$ /*E* is expected, where E_{ph} is the photon energy. Without a complete quantum theory of gravity, *E* is a model-dependent parameter. For 1eV-photons used by Michelson-Morley experiments, the Lorentz Invariance of various theories with the corresponding energy scale up to 10⁹ GeV have been tested. LIST aims to achieve at least the 10⁻¹⁹ level for $\Delta c/c$ anisotropy and probe Lorentz violation induced by Standard Model Extensions and spacetime fluctuations for a minimum $E \approx 10^{10}$ GeV. This scale covers the entire electroweak epoch and the crucial separation stage of strong and electroweak forces. The anticipated results of this work package would therefore an important marker in testing our fundamental understanding of the Universe.

WP11: Quantum-enhanced Interferometry

Axions (possible enhancement by white light cavity?), Test of holographic principle, Semi-classical gravity, ALPS detector



Glasgow

University of Strathclyde: Prof Stuart Reid

Lectures

- Atomic clocks by Michal Zawada
 - DM search through fine-structure constant measurement
 - Optical clock search for Lorentz violation Nature 567, 204 (2019)
- Atoms and molecular probes by Marianna Safronova
 Based on <u>RMP 90, 025008 (2018)</u>
- Review on CSL by Angelo Bassi
 - non-interferometric test is also important
- I gave lectures on Lorentz invariance test, axion, macroscopic quantum mechanics, and KAGRA



Rochester Building

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Durham Castle

COLLINGWOOD

Other Topics (on Equivalence Principle)

Equivalence Principle in Quantum

- Equivalence Principle $m_{\rm I} \frac{{\rm d}^2 x}{{\rm d}t^2} = G \frac{m_{\rm G} M}{r^2}$
- Weak EP do not hold in Quantum Mechanics?

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} - G \frac{mM}{r} \right] \Psi$$

(h/m always remains in Schrödinger equation)

• Possible connection with gravitational decoherence?

Gauge Boson DM Search

 If there's a vector field which couples to B-L (barion number minus lepton number), **Mirrors** 10⁻¹⁶ 10-18 10-17 10-15 10^{-14} 10⁻¹³ 10^{-12} are shaken at oscillation period 10⁻⁴⁴ 10^{-45}

 $LR(2\sigma)$

 5σ

LISA

0.01

0.1

10⁻³

EW(20)

1

f(Hz)

10

LIGO

 $U(1)_{B}$

100

 10^{3}

10-46

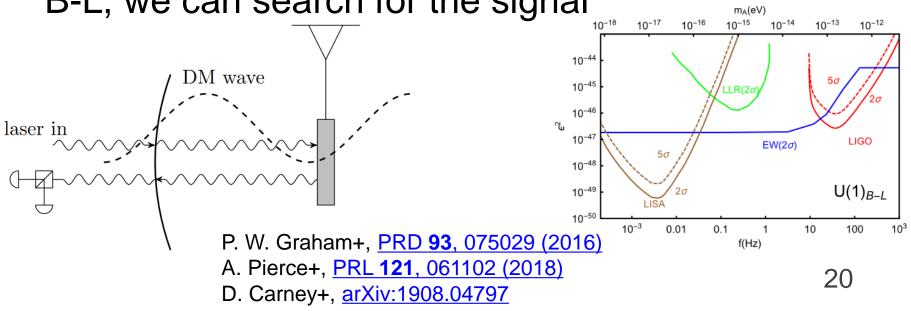
 10^{-47}

 10^{-48}

10-49

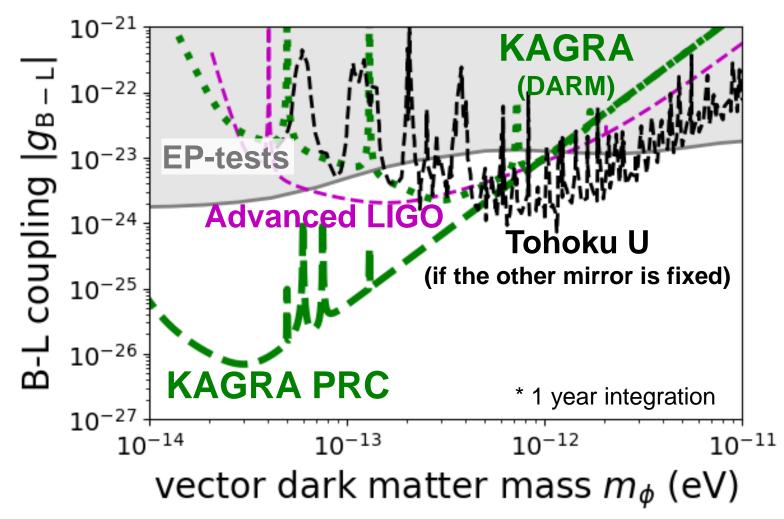
10⁻⁵⁰

 If two cavity mirrors are apart _ل or two mirrors are made of different material with different B-L, we can search for the signal



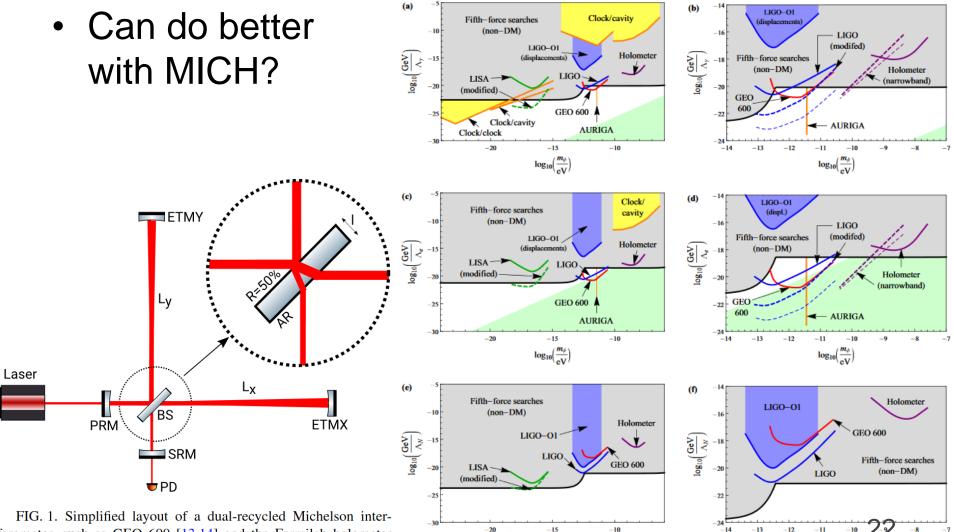
With KAGRA

 Much better search could be done with KAGRA power recycling cavity



Scalar DM Search through a

• H. Grote & Y. V. Stadnik, PRR 1, 033187 (2019)



 $\log_{10}\left(\frac{m_{\phi}}{eV}\right)$

 $\log_{10}\left(\frac{m_{\phi}}{eV}\right)$

ferometer, such as GEO 600 [13,14] and the Fermilab holometer [15,16]. Dual recycling denotes the combination of power recycling

Limits from EP Tests

- A. Hees+, <u>PRD 98, 064051 (2018)</u>
- log₁₀ f_o [Hz] Static search for -10 -8 10 12 95% C.L. excluded area Yukawa-type potential -3 -3 -5 -5 -7 with MicroSCOPE SYRTE Rb/Cs Dy - Van Tilbug et al, 2015 Eöt-Wash Be/Ti and Eot-Wash Eöt-Wash Cu/Pb MICROSCOPE Ti/Pt MICROSCOPE - osc. -9 95% C.L. excluded area $og_{10} \ 1 a_m^{(1)} - a_g^{(1)}$ -5 PRL 119, 231101 (2017) -7 fEP= fspin+ forb 95% C.L. excluded area Z log₁₀ | d⁽¹⁾_m-d⁽¹⁾_g -3 -5 -24 -22 -20 -18 -16 -14 -12 -10 -8 -6234

log10 mg [eV/c2]