### Testing Lorentz Invariance with an Optical Cavity

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# Self Introduction

- Assistant Professor(助教), Ando Group from July 2014
- Gravitational Waves - DECIGO Pathfinder

prototype experiment

- KAGRA



KAGRA main interferometer design & development

- Test of Lorentz Invariance
  - anisotropy search in the speed of light asymmetric optical ring cavity
- "interferometry for fundamental physics" macroscopic quantum mechanics, test of gravitational inverse square law, dark matter search etc.....



optical ring cavity

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## KAGRA

- Large-scale Cryogenic Gravitational wave Telescope being built in Kamioka mine, Gifu
- initial phase observation run in FY2015 KAGRA
  - room temperature
  - 3km Michelson
- final phase observation run in ~ FY2017
  - cryogenic temperature (20K)
  - 3km RSE



### **Recent KAGRA News**

- inauguration
   of initial stage
   facility
   <sup>2015年11月6日</sup>
   朝日新聞
- mirror installation ongoing
- very exciting stage!





動画】報道公開された重力波観測装置「KAGRA」=川村直子撮影

### **Test of Lorentz Invariance**

- LI could only be an approximate
- test isotropy of the speed of light
  - two-way test (Michelson-Morley type)



# Asymmetric Optical Ring Cavity

 compare resonant frequencies of counterpropagating modes of asymmetric optical ring cavity



### Method for Frequency Comparison

double-pass configuration for null measurement



### **Experimental Setup**

- frequency comparison using double-pass setup
- rotate and modulate LV signal



#### Photo of the Optics





C

GM

#### Rotation

• 12 sec / rotation, alternately



### **Observation Data**

- from July 2012 to October 2013
- 393 days, 1.67 million rotations
- duty cycle: 53% (64% after Oct 2012)



### **Data Analysis**

- demodulate data with  $\omega_{
m rot}$  and then  $\omega_{\oplus}$ 



#### **Demodulation Amps**





# Upgrade of the Apparatus

- current noise level is limited by vibration noise from rotation

   <sup>10<sup>-9</sup></sup>
   <sup>10<sup>-9</sup></sup>
- semi-monolithic optical bench to reduce vibration sensitivity



- continuous rotation for more stable operation
- aim to have reduced noise by ~ 1/100

#### **Apparatus Comparison**



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### Current Status of the New Model

10<sup>-9</sup>,

10<sup>-10</sup>

10<sup>-11</sup>

10<sup>-12</sup>

10<sup>-13</sup>

 $10^{-14}$ 

 $10^{-2}$ 

- assembly mostly done
- stationary noise higher than before
- investigation ongoing (scattering?)



work done by Jake Guscott (undergrad from U of Adelaide) <sup>17</sup>

fractional frequency noise  $\delta 
u_{
m j}$ 

## Summary

- compared the speed of light propagating in opposite directions
- using a double-pass optical ring cavity
- put new limits on Lorentz violation in photons  $\left|\frac{\delta c}{c}\right| \lesssim 10^{-15}$
- currently developing an upgraded apparatus
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